

ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY
MASTER OF ARTS
DEGREE COURSE
M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
CBCS PATTERN
(With effect from 2021 – 2022)

The Course of Study and the Scheme of Examinations

Sl. No.	Study Components		ins. hrs / week	Credit	Title of the Paper	Maximum Marks		
	Course Title					CIA	Uni. Exam	Total
SEMESTER I								
1.	Core	Paper- 1	6	4	Principles of Political Science	25	75	100
2.		Paper- 2	6	4	Constitutional and Political Development in India	25	75	100
3.		Paper- 3	6	4	International Relations	25	75	100
4.		Paper- 4	6	4	Comparative Government and Politics	25	75	100
Internal Elective for same major students								
5.	Core Elective	Paper-1	3	3	(To choose one out of 3) A. Political Leadership B. Legislative Procedures C. Constitutional Law of India with cases	25	75	100
External Elective for other major students (Inter/multi disciplinary papers)								
6.	Open Elective	Paper-1	3	3	(To choose one out of 3) (Tochooseoneoutof3) A. Indian Constitution B. Political science for civil service Examinations C. Local Government in Tamil Nadu	25	75	100
			30	22		150	450	600
SEMESTER II						CIA	Uni. Exam	Total
7.	Core	Paper- 5	6	4	Western Political Thought	25	75	100
8.		Paper- 6	6	4	Public Administration	25	75	100
9.		Paper- 7	6	4	Indian Government and Politics- I	25	75	100
Internal Elective for same major students								
10.	Core Elective	Paper-2	5	3	(To choose one out of 3) A. Indian Political Thought B. Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Public Opinion C. Contemporary Political theory	25	75	100
External Elective for other major students (Inter/multi disciplinary papers)								
11.	Open Elective	Paper-2	5	3	(To choose one out of 3) A. Political Science: Theory & Practice	25	75	100

					B. Indian Administrative System C. Peace and Conflict Management			
12.	*Field Study		-	2		100	-	100
13.	Compulsory Paper		2	2	Human Rights	25	75	100
			30	22		250	450	700
SEMESTER III						CIA	Uni. Exam	Total
14.	Core	Paper-9	5	4	Research Methodology	25	75	100
15.	Core	Paper-10	5	4	Indian Government and Politics II	25	75	100
16.	Core	Paper-11	5	4	Political Sociology	25	75	100
17.	Core	Paper-12	5	4	Local Government in India	25	75	100
Internal Elective for same major students								
18.	Core Elective	Paper-3	5	3	(to choose one out of 3) A. Indian Administration B. E Governance C. International Politics	25	75	100
External Elective for other major students (Inter/multi disciplinary papers)								
19.	Open Elective	Paper-3	5	3	(to choose one out of 3) A. Parliamentary System in India B. Judicial System in India C. International Organizations	25	75	100
20.	**MOOC Courses		-	-		-	-	100
			30	22		150	450	700
SEMESTER IV						CIA	Uni. Exam	Total
21.	Core	Paper-14	5	5	Politics of Southern States	25	75	100
22.	Core	Paper-15	5	4	Films, Politics and Society.	25	75	100
23.	Core	Paper-16	5	4	Foreign Policy of India	25	75	100
24.	Core	Project	5	5	Project with Viva-Voce (Compulsory)	25	75	100
Internal Elective for same major students								
25.	Core Elective	Paper-4	6	3	(to choose one out of 3) A. Asian Political System B. Political Economy of India C. Indian Political System	25	75	100
External Elective for other major students (Inter/multi disciplinary papers)								
26.	Open Elective	Paper-4	4	3	(to choose one out of 3) A. Electoral Politics in India B. Organs of Government C. Dynamics of Indian Democracy	25	75	100
			30	24		150	450	600
			120	90				2600

****Mooc Courses**

Inclusion of the Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) with zero credits available on SWAYAM, NPTEL and other such portals approved by the University Authorities.

*** FIELD STUDY**

There will be field study which is compulsory in the first semester of all PG courses with 2 credits. This field study should be related to the subject concerned with social impact. Field and Topic should be registered by the students in the first semester of their study along with the name of a mentor before the end of the month of August. The report with problem identification and proposed solution should be written in not less than 25 pages in a standard format and it should be submitted at the end of second semester. The period for undergoing the field study is **30 hours beyond the instructional hours** of the respective programme. Students shall consult their mentors within campus and experts outside the campus for selecting the field and topic of the field study. The following members may be nominated for confirming the topic and evaluation the field study report.

- (i). Head of the respective department
- (ii). Mentor
- (iii). One faculty from other department

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEO)

PEO1: To induce the thirst of knowledge in the field of Political Affairs

PEO2: To make students community to be thorough with the theoretical and Practical Knowledge

PEO3: To gain interdisciplinary knowledge

PEO4: To make comprehensive understanding of the entire world system

PEO5: To utilize the knowledge of the discipline to proceed further in the Activity

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (PO)FOR POSTGRADUATEDE GREEN POLITICAL SCIENCE

PO1: Students are expected to get broader understanding of theoretical knowledge of Politics

PO2: Students are expected to grasp the national, Local and International Political Affairs

PO3: Students will be able to imbibe with the administrative system in India

PO4: Have conglomerate understanding about politics and other discipline

PO5: Inculcate with foreign policy of India and other nations as well

PO6: Students will be introduced with peace-activisms and conflict

PO7: Students will be able to ponder over the interdisciplinary approach

PO8: Kindle analytical attitude and scientific inquiry of disciplines

PO9: Students are expected to raise research aptitude and dialogic methodology

PO10: Impart the knowledge about the current World Politics.

ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

(With effect from 2021-2022 onwards)

SEMESTER - I

CORE PAPER - I

PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

Unit-I Introduction

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Political Science - Relationship with Allied disciplines - Different Approaches to the study of political science - Key concepts: State and Society - Citizenship - Nation and Nationality.

Unit-II Organizations and Function of State

Origin of the State- Essential Elements of the State - Functions of the State - Separation of Powers - Division of Powers - Constitution.

Unit-III Theories

Theories of State: Divine Theory – Force Theory-Patriarchal and Matriarchal Theory - Social Contract Theory – Evolutionary Theory.

Unit IV Political ideas

Rights - Liberty - Equality - Justice - Rule of Law - Civil Society - Revolution -
Democratic Participation - Political Obligation.

Unit - V Political Ideologies

Liberalism - Neo - Liberalism-Marxism Socialism - Fascism -Gandhism.

Text Books:

1. Appadorai, A. “The Substance of Politics”, London: Oxford University Press, 2014.
2. Agarwal, R.C. “Political Theory”, New Delhi:S.chand.co.2018.
3. Eddy Asirwatham, “Political Theory”, New Delhi:2010.
4. Kapur, A.C. “Principles of Political Science”, S Chand (Dec 2010), ISBN 13:9788121902762.

Reference:

1. Gettle, Raymond Garfield, “Political Science”, Calcutta.
2. Gilchrist, R.N. “Principles of Political Science”, Bombay: OrientLongmans, 1952.
3. OP. Gauba, “Am Introduction to Political Theory” Macmillan Publishers,2000.

SEMESTER - I
CORE PAPER - 2

CONSTITUTIONAL AND POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA

Unit-I Constitutional Reforms

British Colonialism and its impact on Industry - Agriculture and Education - Rise of Indian Nationalism - Resistance to British Rule and Queen's Proclamation of 1858 - Indian National Congress and ideologies differences.

Unit-II British Imperialism, Political and constitutional Developments Nationalist Politics and Constitutional Reforms Act 1892 - Rise of Muslim National and demand for Separate Electorate:1909 and 1919 Acts and its impacts - Non-Congress Organisations and Freedom Struggle.

Unit-III Freedom Struggle, Partition and independence

M.K.Gandhi and Non-Cooperation-Movement – Motilal Nehru Committee Report; Mohammad Ali Jinnah - Fourteen Points and Two - Nations Theory - Round Table Conferences; Poona Pact of 1932; Government of India Act 1935 - Partition, Mountbatten Plan and independence.

Unit-IV Independence, constitution and Political Development

Federalism in India - Rise of Regional Political Parties Centre State Relations and Constitutional Amendments - Social Movement and Political Development - Dynamics of State Politics

Unit-V Globalisation, Constitutional and Political Development.

Coalition Politics Economic reforms Right to Education - Right to Information

Text Books:

1. Partha Chatterjee (2010), Empire And National Essential Writings, 1985-2005.
2. Sharama L.P.ed., (2000), Indian National Movement and Constitutional Development.
3. D.D Basu (2011), introduction to the Constitution of India New Delhi: PrinticeHall.

References:

1. Shekar Bandyopathyay, (2009), Nationalist Movement in India: A Reader, Oxford University Press.
2. Barbara N,Ramusack (2005), The Indian Princes and their Sates, Cambridge University Press.
3. S.qPal "India's Constitution - Origins and Evolution: Vol 5, 6 dexis lexis-

SEMESTER - I
CORE PAPER-3
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Unit-I Introduction

International Politics - Meaning - Nature - Scope - Theories and Basics.

Unit-II Concepts

Power - Balance of Power - National Interest - Foreign policy - International- Peace - Collective Security - Geopolitics - Global Order.

Unit-III Theories

Theories: Marxist - Realist- Systems - Decision Making - Game Theory.

Unit-IV Major Issues I

Major Issues: World War-1 - World War - I I - Cuban Missile Crisis - Vietnam War - Col lapse of Soviet Union - Unification of Germany - Yugoslavian Crisis- Iraq Crisis.

Unit-V Major Issues -II

Cold War - Post Cold War – World order - Human Rights - Refugees - Terrorism- Environmental Issues.

Text Books:

1. Mishra, K.P., *South Asia in International Politics*, New Delhi: UPH,1986.
2. Sarahadin, liidia's *Security in Resurgent Asia*, Bombay.' Amrita,1993.
3. Burchillet.ol., *Theories of International Relations*, HompsH ire,Macmillian, 2001.

Reference:

1. Dougherty, James E and Robert L., *Contending Theories ofInternational Relations*, Newyork: Lippincot, 19Z1.
2. Palmer Norman D and Perkins, Howard, *International Relations*, Third world Community in Transition.
3. Paul Viotti& Mark Kauppi, *International Relations theory*,International Edition, 4^t" Edition, 2019.
4. Pen Ghosh "International Relations" PLII learning Pvt LtdDelhi.

SEMESTER – 1
CORE PAPER - 4
COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Unit-I Introduction

Meaning, Nature, Scope of Comparative Government - Constitution
Executive, legislature, Judiciary.

Unit-II United Kingdom

Salient Features of the Constitution - Executive - Legislature - Judiciary
- Local Government - Political Parties - Pressure Groups.

Unit - III United States of America

Salient Features of the Constitution - Executive - Legislature - Judiciary
- Local Government - Political Parties – Pressure Groups.

Unit-IV Russia

Salient Features of the Constitution - Executive - Legislature - Judiciary - Local
Government - Political Parties - Pressure Groups.

Unit-V France and Switzerland

Salient Features of the Constitution - Executive - Legislative - Judiciary - Local
Government - Political Parties – Pressure Groups.

Text Books:

1. A.C Kapur, “**Select Constitution**”, New Delhi: S. Chand Publishing Company, 2016.
2. Vidya Bhusan and Vishnuo Bhagavan “**World Constitutions a Comparative Study**”, New Delhi: 2011.
3. K.C. Wheare “**Modern Constitutions**” Opus Books, 1966.

Reference:

1. Rod Hague, Martin Harrop & John McCormick “**Comparative Government and Politics**”, Palgrave, 1982.
2. Patrick H. O’Neil, Ronald Rogowski “**Essential Readings in Comparative Politics**”, W.W. Norton & Company, 2004.
3. Malt Golden, Sona Nadenichel Golden, William Robert Clark of “**Comparative Politics**” CO Press, 2009.

SEMESTER -1
CORE ELECTIVE PAPER1
(To choose 1 out of 3)

A. Political Leadership

Unit I Introduction

Meaning Nature and Characteristics of Leadership - Principles and Types of Leadership- Theories of Political Leadership.

Unit-II Political Leadership Styles

Plato's Philosopher King -Aristotle Leadership Heroic Leadership - Democratic Leadership - Transformative Leadership.

Unit III Leadership Dynamics

Power and Personality – Rural and Urban Relations-Role in Policy Making, Execution and Evolution - Values and Ethics in Political Leadership.

Unit IV Recruitment of Political Leadership

Election - Campaign methodology - Motivational writing, Speech, and action - use of social factors; caste, religion and language.

Unit V Political Leadership in India

Macro Political Leadership - Charismatic Leadership - Micro Leadership - Party Leadership - Ideological Leadership.

Text Books:

1. Robert Elgle *Political Leadership: Macmillan Palgrave Publisher, 2011.*
2. Barbara Kellerman, "Political Leadership A Source Book", Latin University of Pi H S burgh Press, 2010.
3. Michel Foley "Political Leadership", London: Oxford University Press, 2013.
4. Ramachandra Guha, *India after Gandhi the history of the world largest Democracy, New Delhi: 2014.*

Reference:

1. Archie Brown "The Myth of the Strong Leader, Political Leadership in the modern Age", Vintage Digital, 2014.
2. Niccolo Maclliavelli "The Prince" Originally Published in 1532.

SEMESTER -I
CORE ELECTIVE
PAPER 1

B. Legislative Procedures

UNIT-I

The Political System Structure of Parliament and its Position in Indian Polity - Representative Democracy Composition of Parliament: The President- Lok Sabha – Rajya Sabha - Relative Roles of the Two Houses-Parliament and the Executive - Parliament and Judiciary – Parliament and the State Legislatures.

UNIT-II

The Electoral System: Elections to Parliament: Qualifications and Disqualifications for Membership-Mode of Election – Functions of the Parliament.

UNIT-III

Parliamentary Procedures Sitzings of the Houses-The Speaker and Other Officers of the Houses of Parliament – The Question Hour and the Zero Hour – Various kinds of Motions and other procedural devices-Procedures for Financial Business – The Legislative Process – Parliamentary Committees: Structure and Functions.

UNIT-IV

Parliamentary Etiquette and Privileges -Secretaries of the Houses of Parliament – Code of Conduct for Members – Tours for Visitors of Parliamentary Buildings.

UNIT-V

Tamil Nadu State Legislative Assembly: Assembly Procedures – Tamil Nadu Legislature-Composition and Duration – Formation of Council Ministers – Speaker and Deputy Speaker – Governor’s Address – Rules to be observed by the Members - Various kinds of Motion-Short Duration Discussions – Point of order- Privileges.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Hari Hara Das , Indian Government & Politics, Madras: Vedandam Books ltd. 2009.
2. James H. McCrocklin, Building Citizenship, New delhi, USA: Allen and Bacon, 1961.
3. SubashKashyap, Our Parliament, New Delhi: NBT, 2004.
4. RanjanaArora, Parliamentary Privileges in India, New Delhi:Deep and Deep.1986.

SUPPLEMENTARY READINGS:

1. Mand Sharma, Indian Government of Politics, New Delhi: Annual Publications Pvt, 2004
2. ArchanaChaturvedi, Indian Government Politics, New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers, 2006
3. B.L Fadia, Indian Government &Politics , Agra: SahityaBhawan Publishers,2008

**SEMESTER I
CORE ELECTIVE
PAPER1**

C. Constitutional Law of India with cases

UNIT-I

Introduction:

Meaning of Constitution and Constitutional Law – Parliamentary Supremacy – Judicial Review – Constitutional Amendment: Procedures, Types and Important Amendment.

Unit-II

Doctrine of Basic Structure:

Meaning of Basic Structures – Amendment and Restrictions – Shankari Prasad Case(1951) – Sajjan Singh Case (1955) – Golaknath Case (1967) – Kesavanada Bharati Case(1973) – Minerva Mills Case (1980) – Indira Gandhi vs Raj Narain (1975) – S.R. Bommaivs Union of India .

Unit III

Fundamental Rights:

Constitutional and Fundamental Rights - Natural Justice and Due Process – A.K. Gopalan Case(1950) – Maneka Case (1993) – PUCL Case(1997) – Auto Shankar case (1994).

Unit-IV

Centre State Relations:

Sarkaria Commission – Wallace Case(1948) – Prafulla Kumar case(1947) - State of West Bengal vs Union of India(1974)

Unit –V

State Liability:

Contractual Liability – Tortious Liability – PUCL Case(1989) Vidyawati Case (1962) – Satyawati Case (1967) –KasturiLal Case (1965)

Text Books:

1. Pandey, J.N. Constitutional Law of India, Allahabad, Central Law Agencies, 2000.
2. Austin , Granville. *Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*. London: Clarendon Press,1966.
3. RoutB.C, *Democratic Constitution of India* ,New Delhi: S,Chand& Co., 1980.

SEMESTER I
OPEN
ELECTIVE
PAPER1
(To choose 1 out of 3)
A. Indian Constitution

Unit-I Introduction

Landmarks in Constitutional Development During British Rule: Morley Minto Reforms, Montague Chelmsford Reforms, Simon Commission, Government of India Act 1935, Cripps Mission, Indian Independence Act 1947-Constituent Assembly: Philosophical and Socio-Economic Dimensions.

Unit-II Salient Features of Indian Constitution

The Preamble – Fundamental Rights :Constitutional Provisions and Political Dynamics- Judicial Interpretations and Socio Political Relations- Fundamental Duties- Directive Principles of State Policy.

Unit-III Union Government

President- Prime Minister- Council of Ministers Parliament –Supreme Court-Judicial review.

Unit-IV The State and Local Government

Governor- Chief Minister - Council of Ministers- Legislature- High Court – Rural and Urban Local Government- 73rd and 74th Amendments.

Unit-V Constitutional Issues

Amending Procedures – Major Amendments (First, Twenty Fourth, Twenty Fifth, Twenty Sixth, Forty Second, Forty fourth, Eighty fifth) Judicial Interpretations: Cases - AK Gopalan Vs. State of Madras- Golaknath Vs. State of Punjab- KesavanandhaBharathi Vs. State of Kerala- Minerva Mills Vs. Union of India- SR.Bomma Vs. Union of India- Mandal Case.

Text Books:

1. Brij Kishore Sharma, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 2005
2. R.C. Agarwal, *Constitutional Development and National Movement of India*, New Delhi, S. Chand & Company Ltd. 2005.
3. DurgaDas Basu, *Introduction to the Constitution of India* , Nagpur, Wadhwa& Company ,2004.

Reference Books:

1. SubhasKashyap, *Our Constitution*, New Delhi, The constitution of India, A political Legal study, J.C.Johari, Standing Publisher Pvt.Ltd, 2004.
2. P.M. Bakshi, *The Constitution of India*, Delhi, Universal Law Publishing Co. 2006.
3. JagadishSwanup, *Constitution of India Vol- I, II, III*, New Delhi, Deep& Deep Publication, 2006.
4. M.V.Pylee, *Constitutional Government & Politics*, New Delhi, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. 2002.

SEMESTER I
OPENELECTIV
E PAPER1
B. Political science for civil service Examinations

Unit-I Introduction

Political Science: Nature and Scope – Relationship with allied disciplines: History- Economics - Philosophy- Sociology - Psychology – Approaches to the study of Politics.

Unit-II Key Concepts

State – Society – Sovereignty – Power- Rights – Liberty – Equality – Justice.

Unit-III Democracy and forms of Government

Democracy- Forms of Government: Presidential and Parliament – Unitary - Federal – Political Participation.

Unit-IV Political Ideologies

Liberalism- Neoliberalism – Marxism – Socialism – Fascism – Gandhism.

Unit-V Party System and Political Process

National and Regional Parties – Coalition Politics – Interest- groups and Pressure groups.

Text Books:

1. A.Appadorai, *The substance of Politics*, London: Oxford University press,1968.
2. Eddy Asirvatham, *Political theory*, New Delhi: S.Chand& Company,2007.
3. R.C.Agarwal, *Political theory*, New Delhi, S.Chand& Company,2008.
4. George H.Sabine, *A History of Political Theory*, Oxford, IBG Publishing company,1973.
5. S.P.Varma, *Modern Political Theory*, New Delhi.,Vikas Publishing House Pvt., Ltd.,1975.

SEMESTER I
OPENELECTIV
E PAPER1

Unit I : **C. Local Government in Tamil Nadu**

Local Government : Local Government: Meaning, Nature and Importance – Constituent Assembly Debate - Views on Local Government: MK Gandhi, JL Nehru, BR.Ambedkar - Community Development Programmes – Important Committees: BalwantRai Mehta (1957), Ashok Mehta (1978), LM Singhvi (1986) - 64th Constitutional Amendment Bill (1989) - 65th Constitutional Amendment Bill (1989)

Unit II :

Rural Local Government : 73rd Amendment Act (1992) - Major Features - 11th Schedule of the Constitution – Significance of GramaSabha – Resources for Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRI) - Difficulties and Issues in functioning – Suggestions for improving the functioning of PRIs.

Unit III : Urban Local Government : Emerging trends of Urbanisation in India, 74th Amendment Act (1992) – Major Features – 12th Schedule of the Constitution - Types of Urban Local Government Institutions (ULGI) – Resources of ULGIs – Difficulties and Issues in functioning – Suggestions for improving the functioning of ULGIs.

Unit IV : Local Government system in selected areas : Panchayat Extended to Schedule V Areas - Scheduled areas - Schedule V and VI - PESA (1996)-Key Provisions- Implications - Status of Panchayats in Scheduled Areas-Current Status of PESA- LWE Districts & PESAKey Issues in Implementation- Forest Right Act

Unit V : Comparative Local Government : Local Government System in Selected States: West Bengal, Kerala, Karnataka and Tamil Nadu.

Prescribed Readings:

1. Maheswari, Shriram. (2008), Local Government in India, Agra: Lakshmi NarainAgarwal.
2. Mathew G and Jain L. C (Eds.), (2005), Decentralisation and Local Governance, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.
3. NirajaGopalJayal and et.al. (2006), Local Governance in India – Decentralisation and Beyond, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

SEMESTER-

II CORE

PAPER-5

Western Political Thought

Unit I Ancient Political Thought

Socrates-Plato-Aristotle-Cicero

Unit II Medieval Political Thought

St. Augustine - Marshilio of Padua - Hobbes - Locke - Rousseau

Unit III Modern Political Thought

Machiavelli - Immanuel Kant - Jean Bodin - Karl Marx

Unit IV Neo - Liberalist Conservatives Thinkers

Bertrand Russell-John Dewey-Leo Stratus-Spinoza-
Edmund Burke

Unit V Paradigms on Civil Liberty and Human Rights

H.J.Laski - Martin Luther king — Martha Nausbaum - John Rawls.

Text Books:

1. Jrmia Sharma, S.K. Sharma, *Western /'oiirico/ Thought, Volume I*, Atlantic Publishers & Dist, 2006.
2. C.L Wayper, "Political Thought", Hutch inson, London, 1965.
3. Venkat Rao, "history of Political Philosophy", New Delhi: S. Chand Publisher, 2010.
4. O. P. Gauba "Western Political Thought", Mayur Papers.

Reference:

1. Brian. R Nelsnn, "Western Political rhoupñt: From Socrates to the Ageo/ ideology" Sages, 1982.
2. R.S. Chaurasia"ifistoiyof Western Political ffioupiitfVol. I)", Atlantic (2001).

SEMESTER II

CORE PAPER-6

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Unit-1 Introduction

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Public Administration

Growth and Development of Public Administration - New Public Administration - Control over Public Administration.

Unit-11 Theories and Principles Organization

Bureaucratic Theory Classical Theory - Human Relation Theory Socio Psychological Theory Principles of Organization - Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Centralization and Decentralization, Integration vs Disintegration.

Unit-III Principles of Management

Leadership - Policy Formulation, Decision Making- Planning- Public

Relations- Co-Ordination - Delegation- Communication and Supervision.

Unit-IV Personnel Administration:

Bureaucracy and Civil Service Recruitment- Promotion Training- Position Classification- Generalist and Specialist in Administration- Employer- Employee Relations- Integrity in Administration.

Unit-V Financial Administration

Administration and Finance - Budgetary process Performance Budgeting- Financial Committees of Parliament of India — Audit.

Text Books:

1. Maheshwari S.R, "Public Administration in India", New Delhi: MacMillan Publisher, 2008.
2. Vishnoo Bhoqwan, and Vidya Bhushan, "Public Administration", New Delhi, S.Chand Company Ltd. 2007.
3. Rumki Basu, "Public Administration", New Delhi: Sterling Publisher Pvt. Ltd. 2004.

Reference:

1. Mohit Bhattacharya "New horizons of Public Administration", Jawahar Publishers, 2000.
2. Kshree, V.K. and V.G. Nandedkar. "Public Administration", New Delhi. Pt. 1, 1995.
3. Goel, S.L. "Advanced Public Administration", New Delhi. Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd. 2003.

SEMESTER-II

CORE PAPER-7

Indian Government and Politics- I

Unit - I Introduction

British Colonialism - Indian Nationalism Nature of Indian Freedom Struggle - Constitutional Development - Basic Characteristic of the Indian Constitution.

Unit - II Union Government

President Prime Ministers Council of Ministers- Parliament- Supreme Court - Judicial Review Nature of Administration - Emergency Provisions.

Unit - III State Government

Governor - Chief Minister - Council of Ministers Legislature- High Court- Urban and Rural Local Governments.

Unit IV Statutory Institutions

UPSC- Election Commission- Comptroller and Auditor General- Backward Classes Commission - National Commission for Women- National Human Rights Commission- Minorities Commission.

Unit-V Party System

Ideologies and Social base of parties- Fragmentation and regionalization- Pressure Groups - Patterns of Coalition Politics- Role of Opposition Parties.

Text Books:

1. M.V.Pylee, “**Constitution Government & Politics**”, New Delhi:Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.,2002.
2. MandSharma, “**Indian Government of Politics**”, Annual PublicationsPvt, 2004.
3. Fadia, B.L, “**Indian Government & Politics**”, Agra ,SahityaBhawanPublishers,2008.
4. HariHara Das , “**Indian Government &PolitfcS**”, VedamBooks Ltd.2009.

Reference:

1. PenGhosh“**Indian Government and Politics**”, PHI Learning, 2017.
2. ArchanaChatunvedi, “**Indian Government Politics**”,Commonwealth PLtblers, 2006.

SEMESTER -II
CORE ELECTIVE PAPER2
(To choose 1 out of 3)

A. Indian Political Thought

Unit-I Ancient and Modern Political Thinkers

Features of Ancient Indian Political Thought — Kautilya-ANNAMALAI - Features of Medieval Indian Political Thought - Renaissance in India: Raja Rammohan Roy- DadabhaiNaoroji- DayanandhaSaraswathi.

Unit-II Moderate and Radical Thinkers

GopalakrishnaGokhale - BalagangadharTilak - Sri Aurobindo–Rabindranath Tagore

Unit-III Freedom Struggle ad Indian Independence

Mahatma Gandhi: Non-Violence, Satyagraha, Religion, Sarvodaya and GramaSwaraj.

Unit-IV Hindu and Muslim PoliticalTbinkers

Swami Vivekananda - V.D. Savarkar - Muhammad Ali Jinnah - Iqbal

Unit - V Socialists and Reformists

M.N. Roy - Jawaharlal Nehru - Jayaprakash Narayan - B.R. Ambedkar - Periyar.

Text Books:

1. Aakash Singh, SilikaMohapatra, “Indian Political Thought: AReader”, Routledge, 2010.
2. hari Hara Das, “Indian Political Thought”, National PublishingHouse,2005
3. Mehta, V.R., “Foundations of Indian Political Thought”, NewDelhi: ManDhar, 1992.
4. Pantham, T and Deustch (eds), “Political Thought in Modern India”,New Delhi.- Sage, 1986.

References:

1. Jha, M.N., “ f’odern Indiun Political Thaught”, Mccrut: MccnakshiPrakashan,1’75
2. Verma, V.P.. “Modern Indian Political Thought (3” Revised Edition), Agra: Lakshmi NarainAgarwal Educational Publishers,1967.

SEMESTER -II
COREELECTIVE PAPER2

B. Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Public Opinion

Unit-I

Origin and development

Meaning and Evolution of Political Parties - Classifications of Political Parties - Functions of Political Parties.

Unit-II

Structure and organization

Party System: Competitive - Non-Competitive - Spatial Competitive - Party Structure: Organization, Membership and Leadership.

Unit-III

Electoral Laws

Electoral Laws and Political Parties- Electoral Systems- Political Alliance- Electoral Reforms

Unit- IV

Pressure Groups

Group Theory and their significance in Politics- Evolution of Pressure Groups- Theoretical Frame Work, Kinds and Techniques of Pressure Groups- Pressure Groups and the Democratic Process; Relationship between Pressure Groups and Political Parties

Unit-V

Public Opinion

Public Opinion: Meaning, Nature and Influence of Public Opinion- Public Opinion and Behavior- Public Opinion and Decision Making

Text Books:

1. Duverger, M. *Party Politics and Pressure Groups: A Comparative Introduction*, New York, Corwell, 1972.
2. Eckstein, H. *Pressure Group Politics*, Stanford, C.A., Stanford University Press, 1960.
3. Eldersveld, S.J. *Political Parties: A Behavioral Analysis*, Chicago, Rand-McNally, 1962.
4. Epstein, L.D. *Political Parties in Western Democracies*, New York, Praeger, 1967.
5. Michels, R. *Political Parties*, New York, The Free Press, 1962.
6. Milnor, A.J. (ed), *Comparative Political Parties: Selected Readings*, New York, Corwell, 1969

SEMESTER -II
CORE ELECTIVE PAPER2
C. Contemporary Political theory

UNIT-I

Edmund Husserl: Phenomenology and Theory of Intentionality.

Herbert Marcuse: Heideggerian Marxism –Capitalism.

Unit – II

Michel Oakshott: Modes of experience - Human Conduct - Philosophy of History.

Karl Popper: The critique of closed Society - Freedom Democracy and Open Society.

Unit-III

Jean Paul Sartre: Existentialism - Critique of Marx.

Hanna Arendt: Totalitarianism –Authority - Direct/Council Democracy.

Unit – IV

Levi Strauss: Structural Anthropology - Kinship and Myth .

John Rawls: Theory of Justice.

UNIT-V

Michel Foucault: Theory of Archaeological and Geneological Construction.

Jurgen Habermas: Theory of Communicative Action.

Text Books:

1. Richard Kearney: *Modern Movements in European Philosophy*, London: Manchester University Press, 1986.
2. Quentin Skinner: *The Return of Grand Theory in Human Sciences*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1986.
3. John Lechte: *Fifty Key Contemporary Thinkers*, London: Routledge, 1994.

Reference Books:

1. Prasenjit Biswas, *Post Modern Controversy*, Rawat Publication, Jaipur, 2005
2. John Rawls, *Political Liberalism*, Columbia University Press, 1996.
3. Alan Finlayson, *Contemporary Political Thought*, Edinburgh University Press, 2003.

SEMESTER II

OPEN ELECTIVE PAPER2

(To choose 1 out of 3)

A. POLITICAL SCIENCE : THEORY AND PRACTICE

Unit – I Political Theory and Thought

Nature of Political Theory, its main concerns, -decline and resurgence.

Political Thought of Plato, Aristotle, Machiavelli

Unit – II Political Concepts and Comparative Politics

Liberty – Equality – Justice – Law – Rights and Duties – Citizenship – Democracy - Political Obligation – Power – Authority -Approaches to Study of Comparative Politics – Legislature, Executive and Judiciary with special reference to USA, UK, Switzerland and France.

Unit – III Indian Government and Politics

Philosophical aspects of Indian Constitution – Features – Fundamental Rights and Duties- Organisation of Government at Centre and State level – Local Self-Government (Urban and Rural).

Unit-IV Public Administration

Growth of Public Administration as a discipline and New Public Administration -

Theories of Organisation (Classical, Scientific, Human Relations), Principles of Organisation

Unit-V International Relations and Human Rights

Theories of International Relations-Ideology, Power and Interest-Peace and Conflicts Resolution. – Changing Concept of National Security – Challenges to National Security. Arms and Arms-control, disarmament- End of Cold War – Post-Cold war Issues in International Politics – UNO and regional organisations.

Human Rights- The Concept of Human Rights-Meaning, Nature of Human Rights-- Evolution of Human Rights Theories of Human Rights -The International Charters and Conventions on Human Rights-Human Rights in India - Issues In Human Rights in India

References:

1. Agarwal, R.C. *Political Theory*, New Delhi: S.Chand & Co., 2008.
2. A. Appadorai, A. *The Substance of Politics*, New Delhi: Oxford 1996.
3. Asirvatham, Eddy, *Political Theory* New Delhi: S. Chand & Co, 2004..
4. Johari., J.C. *Principles of Modern Political Science*, New Delhi: Sterling, 1989.
5. Brij Kishore Sharma, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 2010.
6. DurgaDas Basu, *Introduction to the Constitution of India* , Nagpur, Wadhwa & Company , 2004.

**SEMESTER II
OPEN
ELECTIVE
PAPER2**

B. Indian Administrative system

Unit-I Introduction

Kautilya's Arthashastra - Mughal Administration - Legacy of British Rule in Politics and Administration - Indianization of Public Services - District Administration and Local - Self Administration

Unit-II Philosophical and Constitutional Framework

Constitution: Salient features and value premises - Constitutionalism - Political Culture - Bureaucracy and Democracy - Bureaucracy and Development.

Unit-III Union Government

President – Prime Minister – Parliament and Judiciary- Structure Function and Work Process - Recent Trends – Inter-governmental Relations

Unit-IV Union Government and Administration

PMO - Central Secretaries – Cabinet Secretariat - Ministries and Departments - Boards and Commissions – Specific Commissions - Attached offices - Field organization

Unit-V State Government and Administration

Governor-Chief Minister - Council of Ministers-Union-State Administrative -Legislative and Financial Relation- Chief Secretary - State Secretary- District Administration – State Services – Rural and Urban Local Government – Panchayat Raj Institutions– The 73rd & 74th Constitutional Amendments.

Text Books:

1. M.Sharma, Indian administration, New Delhi, Anmol Publishers, 2004
2. S.R. Mageshwari, History of Indian Administration, New Delhi, Long Man Orient Longman Ltd.2001
3. VamanGovind Kale, Indian Administration(1913), M. T.Kessinger Publication, 2008
4. Meredith Townsend, The Annals of Indian Administration (1858), Kessinger Publication, MT, 2008.

SEMESTER II
OPEN
ELECTIVE
PAPER2

C. PEACE AND CONFLICT MANAGEMENT

UNIT-I Introduction

Meaning of Peace — Dimensions of Peace — Political, Economic and Sociological dimensions — Conflicts — Meaning and Types of conflicts — War.

UNIT-II Intellectual Foundations of Peace Science

Intellectual Foundations of Peace Science: Bertrand Russell, Aldous Huxley, Thoreau, Tolstoy and Mahatma Gandhi: Religion and Peace: Hinduism, Buddhism, Christianity and Islam.

UNIT-III Peace Education

Peace Education: Meaning and nature — Importance — Goals — Problems and prospects- Peace Education and Peace Action- Peace Movement.

UNIT-IV Theories of Conflicts

Theories of Conflict Levels — Areas and Nature of Conflicts — Interpersonal — Inter-Personal — National — International — Psychological — Sociological — Ethnic — Communal — ideological - Economic - Political and Industrial; Conflict Resolution — Meaning and Scope — Goals — Methods.

UNIT-V Gandhian Strategies of Conflict Resolution

Gandhian Strategies of Conflict Resolution — Non-Violent Resistance and Defense — Satyagraha as a technique in Conflict Resolution — Types of Satyagraha - Qualities of a Satyagrahi — Shanti Sena.

Text Books:

1. Gene Sharp — Politics of Non-Violent Action Vol. 11, III
Boston: Porter Sargent, 1973.
2. Peace and War, Vol. and II.
3. M.K. Gandhi for Pacifists, Ahmedabad: Navajivan, 1971.
4. Anil dulka Mishra, Gandhism after Gandhi,
New Delhi, Mittal Publications, 2005.

Reference:

1. Ho-Won- JEONG, Peace and Conflict Studies (An Introduction) Aldershot, Ashgate, 2000.
2. A.D. Mishra, Rediscovering Gandhi, New Delhi, Mittal Publications, 2008.

SEMESTER - III
CORE PAPER - 9
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

UNIT I Introduction

Meaning, Nature, and Scope of Social Science Research — Pure and Applied Research — Problems in Social Science Research Ethics in Social Science Res.

UNIT II Methods and Process

Methods of Social Science Research: Historical, Comparative and Descriptive methods - Hypothesis — Concepts - Variables.

UNIT III Research Design and Types of Research

Research Design — Types of Research: Exploratory — Descriptive Experimental — Content Analysis.

UNIT IV Collection of data and Analysis

Collection and Analysis of Data: Sampling Method - Observation — Survey- Case Study — Questionnaire and Interview Method — Statistics and its Use in Social Science Research — Computer and its Applications - SPSS.

UNIT V Research Report

Research Report: Purpose — Content — Style and Presentation -Footnotes and Endnotes — Tables and Figures — Bibliography — Appendices.

Text Books:

1. Current, Richard N. et al American History A Survey, New York: Alfred A Knopf, 1987.
2. Parkes, Hem-y Bamford: The United States of America, New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1968.
3. Alan Bryman , Social Research Methodology ,New York, Oxford University Press, 2008
4. A.K. Gupta and R. Singh, Research Methodology, New Delhi, Vayu Education of India, 2009.
5. Wishwa Prakasham, Research Methodology Methods and Technology, New Delhi, 2001.

Reference Books:

1. Mats Alvesson and Kaj Skoldbeny, Research Methodology, Sage Publication Ltd. 2000.
2. B.N. Ghosh, Scientific Method and Social Research, New Delhi, Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd. 2003.

CORE PAPER - 10
INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS-II

Unit I Introduction

Historical Background and nature of Indian Federalism — Working of Parliamentary Democracy — Constitutional Amendments - Judicial Review Public Interest Litigation (PIL)

Unit II Administrative Structure

Union Administration: Prime Minister's Office (PMO) Cabinet Secretariat - Central Secretariat - Ministries and Departments Boards and Commissions — State Administration: Chief Secretary State Secretariat and Directorates — District Collector: Powers and Functions

Unit III Statutory & Non-Statutory Bodies

Comptroller and Auditor General — Attorney General and Solicitor General of India — Advocate General of State - Central Vigilance Commission - Election Commission — National Development Council- National Integration Council - UPSC and State Public Service Commissions.

Unit IV Political Dynamics

Official Languages Commission - Administrative Tribunals — Special provisions for SC/ST, OBC and Minorities—Administration of Scheduled and Tribal Areas — National Knowledge Commission — Lokpal and Lok Ayuktas.

Unit V Issues

Social Structure and Democratic Process — Crime and Politics - The Nexus — State Autonomy and Centralism — Challenges in Nation-Building — Poverty – Social Change – Corruption – Violence - Unemployment

Text Books:

1. D. C. Gupta, "Indian Government and Politics", New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt Limited, 2009.
2. M.N. Roy, "Indian Politics", New Delhi: Vikas Publishers ,2009
3. C.P. Bhambri, "I ndian Politics 2001-2004", Shipra Publishers ,2008
4. V. Grover, "Trends and Challenges to Indian Political Systems", Deep and Deep, New Delhi: 2006.
5. Manoj Sharma, "Indian Government and Politics", Anmol Publications Pvt. Limited, 2004.

Reference:

1. *Shaileja Upinanyu, "State in Indian Political System", Rawat Publishers, 2005.*
2. Bidyut Chakrabarty, "Indian Government and Politics", Rajendra kumar 2008.

CORE PAPER - 11

POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Political Sociology – Development of Political Sociology-Equality and Inequality Debate.

UNIT-II INTELLECTUAL BACKGROUND OF MODERN POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

Karl Marx – Max Weber - Wilfred Pareto – Thorstein Veblen – C.Wright Mills – Harold Lasswell.

UNIT-III SYSTEMS

Political and Non -Political System – Social Status and Social Distance – Power, Authority and Influence – Elites.

UNIT-IV CONCEPTS OF POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY –I

Political Socialization – Political Participation – Political Culture – Voting Behaviour.

UNIT-V CONCEPTS OF POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY-II

Political Communication – Political Recruitment – Political Development – Social Structure and Political Process in India - Social Exclusion and Inclusion

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.R. Jangam. Political Sociology .New Delhi: IBA, 1980 Lipset.S.M. Political Man. London: Heineman, 1959
2. Elisabeth S. Clemens, Political Sociology, New York: John Wiley & Sons,2017
3. Upendra Baxi, Political Justice, Legislative Reservation for Scheduled Castes and Social Change, Madras: University of Madras Press, 1990.
4. Javos, Socialization to Politics, New York, Praeger, 1973. 3. Irving Louis Horowitz, Foundation of Political Sociology, New York, Harper& Row1972.

CORE PAPER - 12
LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN INDIA

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Local Government – Theories of Local Government - History of Local Government in India upto Independence.

UNIT-II RURAL LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Rural Development: Institution and Agencies since Independence – Rural Development Programmes– Decentralisation and Panchayat Raj- 73rd Constitutional Amendment

UNIT-III URBAN LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Municipal Governance: Main features, 74th Constitutional Amendment — Development Dynamics, Politics and Administration with special reference to city Management.

UNIT-IV BUREAUCRACY IN PANCHAYAT

RAJ Role of District Collector - DDO - BDO- Extension Officer for Panchayats: Powers and Functions – Citizens Grievances.

UNIT V SIGNIFICANT ISSUES IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Financial Autonomy – Bureaucratic hindrances – Women Reservation – Caste Politics – Functioning of Reserved Panchayats – Officials and Non - Officials Relations –Direct vs Indirect Elections.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Shriram Maheswari, Local Government in India, Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal Educational publishers,2013
2. S. N. Jha and P.C. Mathur, Decentralization and Local Politics, New Delhi: SAGE, 1999.
3. A.K. Majumdar and B. Singh (eds). Historical and Conceptual Development of Panchayat Raj, New Delhi: Radha, 1997.
4. Mishra, Rural Development and Panchayat Raj, New Delhi: Concep, 1981.
5. Bidyut Chakrabarty , Local Governance in India, New Delhi: SAGE, 2019

CORE ELECTIVE

PAPER - 3

(To choose one out of 3)

A. INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

Unit- I

Introduction: Kautilya Arthasatra - Mughal Administration legacy of British Rule in Politics and Administration Indianisation and local self Government.

Unit -II

Philosophical and Constitution Frame work: Constitution and salient features and values premises - Constitutionalism - Political culture – Bureaucracy - Bureaucracy and Development.

Unit -III

Executive: Parliament and Judiciary – structure functions and work process recent trends inter government relation. Union Government and Administration: PMO - Central secretariat - cabinet secretariat - Ministers and departments - Boards and commissions specific commissions attached officer's field organisations.

Unit -V

State Government and Administration: Governor - Chief Minister Council of Minister - Administration legislative and financial relations Chief Secretary - State Secretary Directorate.

Text Books:

1. M Sharma, "Indian Administration", New Delhi: Anmol Publication, 2009.
2. SR Maheshwari, "History of Indian Administration", New Delhi: 2010.
3. Varman Govinii kale, "Indian Administration", M T Kassingher Publication, 1992.
4. Vishnu Bhagavan vidya Bhusa Administration Second Publications, New Delhi: 2004.

Reference:

1. Meredith Townsend, "**The Annala of Indian Administration** (1858)", Kesinger Publication MT, 2008.
2. Bidyut Chakrabarty, "**Indian Administration: Evolution & Practice**", 2016.

CORE ELECTIVE
PAPER - 3
B. E GOVERNANCE

UNIT I: Introduction

Meaning, Definitions, Nature, Scope and Significance of E-Governance – Salient Features of E-Governance – Approaches to E-Governance – Growth and Development of E-Governance.

UNIT II: E-Governance Initiatives

Centre for E-Governance – E-Governance initiatives at Centre and State level – National Information Centre – Ministry of Information and Communication Technology - E-Governance and Good Governance

UNIT III: Resources of E-Governance:

Communication – Decision Making - Electronic Communication – Information orientation – Administrative orientation.

UNIT IV: Creation of E-governance

Developmental Stages of E-Governance – E-Services in Public and Private Sectors – E-Governance in Local Governments.

UNIT V: Challenges

Laws Relating to E-Governance – E-Governance Behavioral Modification of Public Personal – Public Funding for E-Governance – People’s Participation in E-Governance – Digital Divide. ∞

TEXT BOOKS:

1. J. Satyanarayanan, E-Government – The Science of the Possible, New Delhi: Prentice hall of India (PVT),2010.
2. R. Heeks, Reinventing Government in the information Age, New York: Rout ledge, 2009. **SUPPLEMENTARY READINGS:**
3. G.D. Garson, Information Technology and Computer Application in public Administration; Issues and trends, Pennsylvania: LGP.2012.
4. M. K. Sharma, E-Governance, New Delhi: Prentice hall of India (PVT), 2010.
5. J. Pascual, E-Governance, UNDP-APDIP, 2003

**CORE ELECTIVE
PAPER - 3
INTERNATIONAL POLITICS**

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

International Politics: Meaning, Nature and Scope – Approaches to the Study of International Politics- Nation State System- Ideologies- Propaganda and War

UNIT-II CONCEPTS

Power – Balance of Power – National interest – Foreign Policy –International Peace – Collective Security- Geopolitics – Global order.

UNIT-III THEORIES

Theories : Idealist - Realist – Systems- Decision Making - Marxist Game Theory

UNIT-IV MAJOR ISSUES -I

Major issues : Cold War – Post- Cold War – Cuban Missile Crisis – Vietnam War – – Collapse of Soviet Union - Unification of Germany – Iraq Crisis.

UNIT-V MAJOR ISSUES -II

Human Rights –Refugees – Terrorism – Environmental Issues.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Dougherty, E, James and P. faltzgraff, L.Robert, Contending Theories of International Relations, Newyork : Lippincot, 1971.
2. D. Palmer Norman, and Perkins, International Relations, Howard Third World Community in Transition, 1990.
3. K.P. Mishra, South Asia in International Politics, New Delhi: UPH, 2012.
4. Joseph Nye, Understanding International Conflicts, An Introduction to theory and History, New York: International Edition 7th Edition ,2008.

OPEN ELECTIVE PAPER - 3

(to choose one out of 3)

A. PARLIAMENTARY SYSTEM IN INDIA

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION

Legislation, Meaning, Importance and kinds-Functions of the legislature; Law Making and Non-Law Making function.

UNIT –II COMPOSITION OF THE PARLIAMENT

Structure of the Indian Parliament - Evolution of the Indian Parliamentary System - Lok Sabha; Its Structure, Composition and Powers – Rajya Sabha; Composition and Powers.

UNIT – III FUNCTIONS OF THE PARLIAMENT

Functioning of The Indian Parliament – Sessions of the Parliament; Budget Session, Monsoon Session and Winter Session-Question Hour; Zero Hour- Types of Questions – Unstarred Questions, Short Notice Questions, Questions by Private Members- Kinds of Motion- Adjournment Motion, Call of Attention Motion, Cut Motion, No Confidence Motion, Censure Resolution.

UNIT –IV ADMINISTRATION OF THE PARLIAMENT

Officers of the Parliament - Speaker and Deputy Speaker of Lok Sabha-Chairman and Deputy Chairman- Rajya Sabha: Powers and Functions-Parliament Secretariat; Lok Sabha Secretariat; Its Structure and Functions- Rajya Sabha Secretariat and Its Structure and Functions.

UNIT – V PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURES

Parliament Procedure - Procedures during the Presentation of the Budget- Procedures during the Making of the Bill-Parliamentary Committees: Joint Parliamentary Committee- Adhoc Committees- Standing Committees-Other Committees-Parliamentary Forums: Objectives of the Forum-Parliamentary Groups: Their Composition and Functions.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Arun Shourie, The Parliamentary System In India, New Delhi Rupa, 2007.
2. J.C.Johari, Indian Parliament: A Critical study of its Evolution, Composition and Working, New Delhi: Metropolitan Book, 2006.
3. V.N Shukla, Constitution of India, Lucknow: Eastern Book Company, 2013.
4. Subhash. C.Kashyap, Our Parliament, New Delhi: National Book Trust, 2000.

OPEN ELECTIVE PAPER - 3

B. JUDICIAL SYSTEM IN INDIA

UNIT - I Introduction

Features of Indian Judiciary – Importance of Judiciary – Scope of Judiciary – Evolution of Judicial System in India – Indian Judicial system and Legal system.

UNIT - II Levels of Court

Supreme Court: Structure, functions and powers and jurisdiction- High Court; its structure, functions powers and jurisdiction – District Court & Village Court: Structure, functions & powers.

UNIT - III Criminal Court

Kinds of Crime – Civil Criminal, Income Tax etc. - Court structure: Functions and Powers

UNIT - IV Tribunals

Need for Tribunals – kinds of tribunals – Nature of tribunals – Difference between Courts Forms of legal system: Arbitration, Public interest litigation.

UNIT - V

Administrative procedures of Supreme Court and High Court and Tribunals- Other forms of legal system: Arbitration, Public interest litigation.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. B.R.Agarwal, Our Judiciary, New Delhi: National Book Trust, 2006.
2. M.P. Jain, Outlines of Indian Legal and Constitutional History, New Delhi: Delhi Law House, 2015.
3. Supreme Court of India, New Delhi: Supreme Court publication Division, 2016.
4. S.Fali Nariman, India's' Legal System, New Delhi: Penguin ,2017
5. S.P. Sharma, Indian Legal System, New Delhi: Mittal Publication, 1991

OPEN ELECTIVE PAPER - 3

C. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION

UNIT I UN AND ITS SPECIALISED AGENCIES

Introduction-Evolution of International Organisations – League of Nations -Origin of UN - Organs, Structure and Functions- Specialized Agencies:.

UNIT II WORLD ORGANISATIONS-I

ASEAN – APEC – EU –Arab League – OIC – OAS –Multilateral agencies (WTO, IMF, IBRD)

UNIT III WORLD ORGANISATIONS-II

NAM -SAARC – Commonwealth- African Union– OPEC - BIMSTEC - BRICS

UNIT IV WORLD ORGANISATIONS-III

NATO – SEATO – CENTO – G-8 - G-15- G-77 Amnesty International -Green Peace Movement

UNIT V INTERNATIONAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS

NPT – CTBT – FMCT - SDI - Chemical Weapons Convention - Human Cloning Agreement – Kyoto Protocol.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Robert Axelord, The evolution of co-operation, New York, Basic Books, 1984.
2. Keohane Robert and S.Joseph Nye, Power and Interdependence: World Politics in Transition, Boston: Little Brown, 2000.
3. Alaxandra Harrington, International Organizations and the Law, Routledge,2018

SEMESTER - IV
CORE PAPER -14
POLITICS OF SOUTHERN STATES

UNIT –I Introduction

Need for studying State Politics -Salient features of the Constitution- Federalism in India- Centre-State Relations- Theories of State Politics-Nature of the State Politics in before and after 1947- Issues within the states- Issues outside the states - Legal Mechanism to solve the conflicts.

UNIT –II Andhra Pradesh and Telangana Identity and Characteristics

Governor- Chief Minister- Council of Ministers- State Legislature- State Election Commission- High Courts- Public Service Commission's- State Planning Commission – Social and Political movements – Issues.

UNIT –III Kerala Identity and Characteristics

Governor- Chief Minister- Council of Ministers- State Legislature- State Election Commission- High Courts- Public Service Commission's- State Planning Commission– Social and Political movements – Issues.

UNIT IV Karnataka Identity and Characteristics

Governor- Chief Minister- Council of Ministers- State Legislature- State Election Commission- High Courts- Public Service Commission's- State Planning Commission– Social and Political movements – Issues.

UNIT - V Tamil Nadu & Puducherry Identity and Characteristics

Governor- Chief Minister-Council of Ministers- State Legislature- State Election Commission- High Courts- Public Service Commission's- State Planning Commission– Social and Political movements – Issues.

Text Books:

1. M.lakshmikanth, Indian Polity 5th Edition, Chennai, McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited
2. M.Lakshmikanth, Governance in India,2nd Edition, New Delhi, McGraw Hill. Education(India) Private Limited
3. D.D.Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, LexisNexis Publications
4. S.R.Maheswari, Public Administration, Hyderabad, Orient Longman Private Limited.

CORE PAPER - 15
FILMS, POLITICS AND SOCIETY

Unit – I Introduction

Meaning , Elements and scope of Cinema - Concept and Purpose of Cinema
- History of Theatre - Impact of Film in National and State Politics.

Unit – II Film industries

International Cinema (Hollywood) - National Cinema and Regional Cinemas

Unit – III Film in Indian Politics and Society

Cinema and Anti - British Propaganda - Political Cinema - School cinema - Social cinema - Cinema
Super Stars - Moral Cinema - Cinema and Movements.

Unit – IV Positive and Negative impacts

Break traditional Setup - Empowerment - Style - Employment - Innovation
- Youth and Cinema.

Unit - V Ethics in Film

Direct impact on Politics and Society - Actors and Directors responsibility - Role of Film in Women,
Youth and Weaker Sections empowerment.

Text Books:

1. Ram Awatar Agnithori, "Film Stars in India", New Delhi.' Commonwealth Publishers, 1 999.
2. Jyotika Viridi, "The Cinematic Imagi Nation: Indian Popufar Films as Social history", Rutgers University press 2003.
3. Dhamu Pong iyannan, "Film and Politics in India", 2015.
4. Richard Rushtom, "The Politics o/ Hollywood Cinema: Popular Film and Contemporary Political Theory", 2013.
5. S. Rajanayagom, "Popular cinema and Politics in South India: The Films of MGR and Rajinfkanth, 2015.

CORE PAPER - 16

FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA

UNIT - 1

Foundations, Determinants, Objectives and Principles of Indian Policy - Non-Alignment Concept, Policy, Movement and Relevance.

Unit - II

India's Policy towards Major Powers: USA, Russia, China

Unit - III

India's Policy towards Neighbors: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Maldives

Unit - IV

India and World Organisations: UNO, WTO; India and Regional Associations: ASEAN, European Union, SAARC

Unit - v

Economic Diplomacy since the 1990's; Security Challenges: Terrorism, Nuclear Issues, Globalisation.

Text Books:

1. Rajan, M.S: “**Studies in India’s** Foreign Policy”, New Delhi: ABC Publishing House, 1993.
2. Dutt, V.P. “**India’s** Foreign Policy in a Changing **World**”, New Delhi: Vikas, 2002.
3. Nayar, and Paul, T.V. “**India** in the World Order”, New York: Cambridge University, 2003.
4. J.N. Dixit, “**Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbors**”, New Delhi: Gyan Publishing, 2001.
5. Y.N. Khanna, “**Foreign Policy of India**”, New Delhi: Vikas, 2010.

SEMESTER - IV

CORE PAPER

PROJECT WITH VIVA VOCE

The Project / Dissertation with Viva – Voce in M.A. Degree Course in History has to guide by the teachers who handle P.G. Classes in their respective Colleges. Students can choose a topic of their interest related to their subject in consultation with the respective teachers under whom they are assigned to work. The workload for guidance has to be treated on par with the teaching hours of two theory papers. Students have to submit the Project / Dissertation at least 15 days before the commencement of their Theory paper examinations. Students have to write the Project / Dissertation in not less than 40 and not more than 50 pages adopting the techniques of Research Methodology offered in the Semester. It has to contain 3 to 4 chapters apart from the introduction and conclusion. There shall be review of the progress of Project / Dissertation writing every week the teachers who guide the students so as to expedite the completion of the work.

EVALUATION OF THE PROJECT / DISSERTATION

The Project / Dissertation has to be awarded 100 Marks (External Evaluation 75 marks and Viva – Voce Examination 25 Marks). The External Evaluation and Viva – Voce Examination has to be done by involving the teachers from the neighbor institution within the jurisdiction of the University where P.G. History Program is offered.

SEMESTER - IV
CORE ELECTIVE
PAPER – 4
(To choose one out of 3)

A. ASIAN POLITICAL SYSTEMS

Unit -I

Political system- Political Change- Colonialism and Nationalism- Cold War- Communism and its efforts- impacts of Second world war- decolonialisation Movement.

Unit -II

Egypt: Salient Features of the Constitution- Executive- Legislative- Judiciary- Parliament- Election Commission- Local Government- Political Parties- Pressure groups.

Iran: Salient Features of the Constitution- Executive- Legislative- Judiciary- Parliament- Election Commission- Local Government- Political Parties - Pressure groups.

Unit -III

Japan: Salient Features of the Constitution- Executive- Legislative - Judiciary- Parliament- Election Commission- Local Government- Political Parties- Regional Political Parties- Pressure groups.

China: Salient Features of the Constitution - Executive- Legislative Judiciary- Parliament- Election Commission- Local Government- Political Parties - Pressure groups.

Unit -IV

Sri Lanka: Salient Features of the Constitution- Executive- Legislative - Judiciary- Parliament- Election Commission- Local Government- Political Parties- Regional Political Parties- Pressure groups.

Pakistan: Salient Features of the Constitution- Executive- Legislative Judiciary- Parliament- Election Commission- Local Government- Political Parties- Regional Political Parties- Pressure groups.

Unit -V Emerging Issues

Globlisation - Trade - Borders Deputes - Terrorism - Regional Cooperation.

References

1. Suzie Navot, the Constitution of Israel: A contextual Analysis, United Kingdom, Hart Publishing, 2014.
2. The constitution of the Republic of Korea
3. Kyoko Inoun, MacArthur's Japanese Constitution, University of Chicago Press, 1991
4. Kurt Burch, Robert A. et.al, Rethinking Global Political Econ omy: Emerging Issues, Unfolding Odysseys

SEMESTER - IV
CORE ELECTIVE
PAPER – 4

B. POLITICAL ECONOMY OF INDIA

Unit -I

Meaning - Define - and scope of Political Economy – Economic Theories – Structure of Indian Economy - Indian economy after independence - Meaning of development economy, cause for under development.

Unit-II

Economic plan in India - Objective planning in India - Democratic socialism in India, mixed economy policy in India - self reliance and concept of Political Economic.

Unit -III

National insurance in India - Population Policy - Population growth - and economic development in India.

Unit - IV

Idea of marketing - market theory of political economy - defects of Indian money - factors and responsible of black money - violation of the package of control parallel economy.

Unit - V

Indian Agriculture policy - nature of Indian agriculture - need and scope for land reforms in a developing economy - Ceiling on a land holding and size for distributing of worship holding - marketing of agriculture product - food policy in India in India - Green revolution – Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization.

Text Books:

1. Susana Rudolph and Eudolph, “**The Political Economy of Indian State**”, London: Orient Longman.
2. Dhingral, IC; “**Indian Economy with special Refuges of Tamil Nadu**”, School & sons, New Delhi.
3. Richard Theodore, “**An Introduction to Political Economy**”, Wentworth Press, 2016.
4. E Peshine Smith, “**A Manual of Political Economy**”, Trieste Publishing, 2018.
5. Henry George, “**The Science of Political Economy**”, Nabu Press, 2011.

CORE ELECTIVE

PAPER - 4

C. INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Historical Background and nature of Indian Federalism – Working of Parliamentary Democracy – Constitutional Amendments.

UNIT II ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURE

Union Administration: Prime Minister's Office (PMO) - Cabinet Secretariat - Central Secretariat - Ministries and Departments - State Administration-District Administration.

UNIT III STATUTORY & NON-STATUTORY BODIES

Comptroller and Auditor General –Attorney General and Solicitor General of India – Advocate General of State - Central Vigilance Commission – Election Commission –NITI Ayog- National Development Council- National Integration Council - UPSC and State Public Service Commissions.

UNIT IV POLITICAL DYNAMICS

Official Languages Commission – Administrative Tribunals – Special provisions for SC/ST, OBC and Minorities– National Knowledge Commission – Lokpal and Lok Ayukta.

UNIT V ISSUES

Social Structure and Democratic Process – State Autonomy and Centralism –Challenges in Nation-Building – Corruption - Abrogation of Act 370 – Citizen Amendment Act, 2019.

TEXT BOOKS

1. D C Gupta, Indian Government and Politics, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt Limited, 2009.
2. M.N. Roy, Indian Politics, New Delhi: Vikas Publishers, 2009. SUPPLEMENTARY READINGS
3. C.P. Bhambri, Indian Politics 2001-2004, New Delhi: Shipra Publishers, 2008
4. Shaileja Upmanyu, State in Indian Political System, New Delhi: Rawat Publishers, 2005.
5. V. Grover, Trends and Challenges to Indian Political Systems, New Delhi: Deep and Deep, ,2006.
6. Manoj Sharma, Indian Government And Politics, New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Limited, 2004.

OPEN ELECTIVE

PAPER - 4

(to choose one out of 3)

A. ELECTORAL POLITICS IN INDIA

UNIT I ELECTORAL SYSTEM

Beginning of Electoral Politics under Colonial rule – Elections to Central Legislative Assembly – Provincial Elections - Electoral System in India: Electoral Constituencies, Reserved Constituencies, Voter's list, Nomination of Candidates, Qualification for Candidates, Election Campaign and Polling process

UNIT II ELECTORAL POLITICS (1952-1977)

Dominance of Congress – Electoral Patterns in 1952 and 1957 General Elections – Growth of Regional Political parties and 1962 Elections – Regionalism and 1967 Elections – Trends in 1971 Elections – NonCongress rule (1977 Elections) and power politics

UNIT III ELECTORAL POLITICS (1977 -1996)

Politics of Alliances – Politics of Party splits and merger –Party System: Alignments, Realignment, Manifestos and support patterns in elections – Trends in General Elections (1980,1984,1989 and 1991)

UNIT IV ELECTORAL POLITICS SINCE 1996

Communalism in Indian Politics – Minority rule – Coalition politics –National Democratic Alliance and United progressive Alliance – Political Behavior in General Elections (1996,1998, 1999, 2004, 2009,2014 and 2019) - Determinants of Voting Behavior - Ethical Vote- NOTA

UNIT V ELECTIONS

Salient features of the Representation of People's Act (1951) - Election Commission of India: Organization, Powers and Functions – Electoral Reforms before and after 1996 – Tarkunde, Goswami and Indrajit Gupta Reports on Electoral Reforms - Anti- Defection Law

TEXT BOOKS

1. M. Roy, Electoral politics in India: Election press and outcomes, Voting Behaviour and current trends. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publishers.2008
2. M.L Ahuja, Electoral Political and general Elections in India (1952-1998). New Delhi: Mittal, 2008.
3. Sandeep Shastri, Electoral Politics I Indian States, New Delhi: OUP, 2009.
4. N.K Sahu, Electoral Politics in Federal India MP Local Area Development Scheme, New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House, 2006.
5. Amandeep Kaur, Electoral Reforms in India, Problems and Needs, New Delhi: Unictar Books Pvt Ltd, 2008.

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B. ORGANS OF GOVERNMENT

UNIT – I Constitution

Definition – Meaning – Classification of the Constitution: – Types of Governments: Unitary and Federal Forms of Government

UNIT – II Organs of Government

Government – Legislature: Uni-cameral and Bi-cameral Legislatures — Functions of Legislature – Executive: Types of Executive – Parliamentary – Presidential Executive.

UNIT – III Legislature and Judiciary

Theories of Separation of Powers – Checks and Balances – Rule of Law and Administrative Law – Judiciary - Judicial Review-Judicial Activism

UNIT – IV Process of Elections Electorate- Representation

Types of Representation. Economy of Elections Proportional Representation – Communal Representation – Representation for Minorities – Reserved Constituencies

UNIT – V POLITICAL PARTIES AND PRESSURE GROUPS

Political Parties: Meaning and Functions, Political Parties and Pressure groups – Types of Pressure groups – Functions of Pressure Groups –Public Opinion

TEXT BOOK

1. C.F. Strong, Modern Political Constitutions, London, The English Language Book Society and Sidwick & Jackson Ltd,1940.
2. K.C Wheare, Modern Constitutions; New York, Oxford University,1966
3. J.C.Johari, New Comparative Government, New Delhi, Lotus Press, 2010
4. A. Appadurai. The Substances of Politics, New York: Oxford University Press, 2017.
5. R. Ball Alan., Modern Politics and Government; New Delhi: Macmillan, 1965
6. K.C. Wheare, Modern Constitutions; New York: Oxford University, 1966
7. J.C.Johari, New Comparative Government, New Delhi: Lotus Press, 2010

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PAPER - 4

C. DYNAMICS OF INDIAN DEMOCRACY

Unit-I Introduction

Nation - Building and Political Institutions - Democratic Political Process: Meaning and Theory of Democracy- Electoral System- Forms of Representation – Political Participation- Political Accountability.

Unit-II Federalism

Nature of Indian Federalism: Centre - State Relations-Legislative, Administrative, Financial, and Political - Distribution of Powers between Centre and States, Politics of Regional move and National Integration.

Unit-III Political Economy of India

Politics of Poverty, Economics of Electoral Politics - Politics of Industrial and Agricultural Sectors - Politics of Nationalization - Politics of Trade Union.

Unit-IV Electoral and Party System

Electoral System and Reforms- Political System -Political Process – Civil Society - Public opinion and Non-Party Politics - Pressure Groups.

Unit-V Current Issues

Challenges to Indian Democracy: Communalism, Regionalism, Casteism, Linguism, Criminalization of Politics and Corruption- Regional Disparities- Environmental Degradation- Problems of Poverty- Human Development Index.

TEXT BOOKS

1. S.R.Maheshwari, Administrative Reform in India, Indian Institute of Public Administration New Delhi, 2014.
2. Vishnoo Bhagwan, Public Administration, S.Chand & Co. Ltd. Ram Nagar, New Delhi, 2014.
3. R.C.Agarwal , Constitutional Development and National Movement of India, S.Chand & Co. Ltd. Ram Nagar, New Delhi, 2014.